

Chemistry Study Guide – Reactions
(Chemistry I-HD Chapters 8 and 18)

Students should be able to...

- Know symbols used in equations. (solid, liquid, gas, aqueous, yields, etc.)
- Define: reactants, products
- Identify type of reaction (synthesis, decomposition, single replacement, double replacement, combustion)
- Balance molecular equations
- Predict products for molecular equations
- Write total and net ionic equations

Review Problems

- | | | |
|----------|--------------|------------------------|
| <u>F</u> | 1. (aq) | a. gas |
| <u>C</u> | 2. (s) | b. left side of arrow |
| <u>E</u> | 3. (l) | c. solid |
| <u>B</u> | 4. Reactants | d. right side of arrow |
| <u>D</u> | 5. Products | e. liquid |
| <u>A</u> | 6. (g) | f. dissolved in water |
| <u>G</u> | 7. → | g. yields |

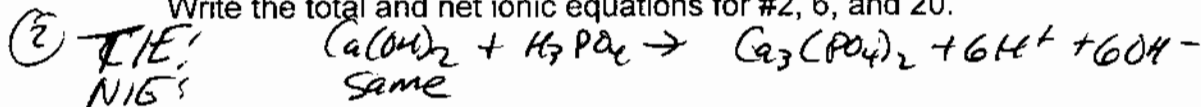
First, write the type of reaction in the margin. (1 point).
Second, predict the products for each of the following reactions. (3 points)
Third, balance each equation. (1 point)

- $2\text{Mg} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{MgO}$
- $3\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2 + 2\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4 \rightarrow \text{Ca}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2 + 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$
- $2\text{Li} + \text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{LiCl}$
- $\text{C}_7\text{H}_{16} + 11\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 7\text{CO}_2 + 8\text{H}_2\text{O}$
- $2\text{NH}_3 \rightarrow \text{N}_2 + 3\text{H}_2$
- $\text{HCl} + \text{AgNO}_3 \rightarrow \text{HNO}_3 + \text{AgCl}$
- $\text{C}_3\text{H}_8 + 5\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 3\text{CO}_2 + 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$
- $\text{MgCl}_2 \rightarrow \text{Mg} + \text{Cl}_2$
- $2\text{H}_2 + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$
- $\text{K}_2\text{CO}_3 \rightarrow \text{K}_2\text{O} + \text{CO}_2$
- $\text{Ca} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2 + \text{H}_2$
- $\text{FeS} \rightarrow \text{Fe} + \text{S}$
- $\text{Ba} + \text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow \text{BaCl}_2$
- $\text{FeS} + 2\text{HCl} \rightarrow \text{FeCl}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{S}$
- $\text{Zn} + 2\text{HCl} \rightarrow \text{ZnCl}_2 + \text{H}_2$
- $2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow 2\text{H}_2 + \text{O}_2$
- $2\text{KOH} + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 \rightarrow \text{K}_2\text{SO}_4 + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$
- $2\text{NaCl} + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 \rightarrow \text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4 + 2\text{HCl}$
- $2\text{C}_2\text{H}_6 + 7\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 4\text{CO}_2 + 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$
- $\text{AgNO}_3 + \text{NaCl} \rightarrow \text{AgCl} + \text{NaNO}_3$
- $2\text{HgO} \rightarrow 2\text{Hg} + \text{O}_2$
- $2\text{Al} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$
- $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6 + 6\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 6\text{CO}_2 + 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$

Synthesis
double repl.
-synthesis
Combustion
decomposition
double repl.
Combustion
decomposition
Synthesis
decomposition
single repl.
decomposition
Synthesis
double repl.
single repl.
decomposition
double repl.
double repl.
Combustion
double repl.
decomposition
Synthesis
Combustion

Ba + Cl₂ → BaCl₂ Same
 TIE!
 NIE!
 20
 Ba + Cl₂ → BaCl₂
 Ag + Cl⁻ → AgCl
 Ag + NO₃⁻ → AgCl + H⁺ + NO₃⁻
 Ag + Cl⁻ → AgCl

Write the total and net ionic equations for #2, 6, and 20.



Chemistry I – Chemical Bonding Study Guide

You should be able to...

- Define: chemical bond, ionic, covalent, metallic, diatomic, polar, nonpolar, VSEPR
- Use difference in electronegativity to determine the type of bond formed between two elements
- Know which elements are diatomic.
- Draw Lewis structures for covalent molecules, including double and triple bonds.
- Draw Lewis structures for polyatomic ions
- Use VSEPR chart to determine molecular geometry.
- Use VSEPR chart to write Lewis structures that include bond angles.

Sample Problems.

1. Determine the type of bond (ionic, polar covalent, nonpolar covalent, metallic) for each bond. You may use the electronegativity table.

a. N_2 ^{non polar} covalent b. LiOH ionic c. HI ^{polar} covalent d. NaH ^{polar} covalent e. KBr ionic

f. H_2O (both bonds are the same) ^{polar covalent} g. CH_3Cl ^{C-H polar covalent} h. Al ^{metallic}

2. Which of the following are diatomic?

a. oxygen b. sodium c. sulfur d. chlorine e. hydrogen

3. Draw the Lewis structure (at the appropriate bond angles) and state the molecular geometry for each. You may use the VSEPR table.

- a. H_2O
b. PH_3
c. carbonate
d. SO_2
e. nitrate
f. CO_2

